

02/11/99  
JC526 U.S. PTO

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Docket No.: **IMA-0009**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventor(s): **ROBERT P. MADDING PH. D. AND BRUCE A. POIRIER**

Title: **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR BARCODE SELECTION OF  
THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY IMAGES**

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 38 Pages of Specification, Claims and Abstract
- ☒ 9 Page of Informal Drawings
- ☒ Executed Declaration and Power of Attorney.
- ☒ Executed Assignment to Inframetric Inc. and Assignment cover sheet (Form PTO-1595)  
(2copies).
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement, Form PTO-1449, and Prior Art.
- ☒ Return Postcard
- ☒ Verified Statement Claiming small entity status--Independent Inventor (Form PTO/SB/09)
- ☒ Verified Statement Claiming small entity status--Small Business Concern (Form PTO/SB/10)
- ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_.

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**STATEMENT CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS**  
**(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(b))--INDEPENDENT INVENTOR**

Docket Number **IMA-0009**

Applicant, Patentee, or Identifier: MADDING ET AL.

Application or Patent No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Filed or Issued: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR BARCODE SELECTION OF THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY IMAGES

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☐ the application identified above.

☐ the patent identified above.

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INFRAMETRICS INC.  
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North Billerica, MA 01862-2598

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Docket Number **IMA-00019**

Applicant, Patentee, or Identifier: Madding et al.

Application or Patent No.: \_\_\_\_\_

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Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR BARCODE SELECTION OF THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY IMAGES

I hereby state that I am

☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:

☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN INFRAMETRICS INC.

ADDRESS OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN 16 Esquire Road North Billerica, MA 01862-2598

I hereby state that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR Part 121 for purposes of paying reduced fees to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, in that **the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons**. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time, or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby state that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention described in:

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☐ the patent identified above.

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Each person, concern, or organization having any rights in the invention is listed below:

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☒ each such person, concern, or organization is listed below:

ROBERT P. MADDING

BRUCE A. POIRIER

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SIGNATURE  DATE 2/9/98



# **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR BARCODE SELECTION OF THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY IMAGES**

5

## **FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates in general to an infrared video camera system for use in thermographic inspection of equipment and for generating reports based thereon. In particular, the present invention provides a method and apparatus for storing a plurality of thermal images relating to a thermographic survey and for associating a barcode generated data field with a thermal image.

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Recent infrared (IR) video camera systems employing IR sensitive elements, e.g., a cooled or uncooled Charged Coupled Device (CCD) focal plane array, pyroelectric detector or the like, have been employed in infrared thermography systems for performing thermographic inspections or surveys of large numbers of elements. Thermographic images of an element may then be compared with a control image or other previously recorded thermographic image of the same scene or element. Such systems may be employed, e.g., in industrial facilities for plant maintenance, or the like, in which failures of electro-mechanical equipment, process equipment or other devices may be predicted based on abnormalities or "thermal events" detected in a live or recorded thermal image of the device being surveyed. Such thermographic surveys may also be employed in agricultural, medical, veterinary medical, law enforcement and military applications. In such applications, a thermographer may prepare a thermographic survey comprising a list

of devices, objects or infrared scenes, called elements, to be recorded or surveyed. Each element is then periodically recorded using a thermographic video camera to record thermal video images of the elements of the survey. Thereafter, each video image of an element of the survey may be reviewed for comparison with a previously recorded control image of the element. By comparing the survey image with the control image, a thermal abnormality or thermal event may be detected. Such a thermal event may indicate a pending failure of the element. One such thermographic inspection system is disclosed by Piety et al. in U.S. patent No. 5,386,117.

Piety et al. disclose a mobile thermography system comprising an infrared camera, an ordinary visible image video camera, a personal computer, (PC), including an internal digital memory and a disk drive for digital data storage, a video recorder for recording analog video data, an LCD touch screen display device, a pen digitizer, various power storage devices, a system controller for operating various software which may be used to control and communicate between the various system elements, as well as, various other measuring devices, all mounted onto a mobile unit for ease of movement through a facility to be surveyed. Piety et al. also disclose a fixed base station computer including a digital data processor, for operating various digital data processing programs and including a video display and a printer for viewing video images, a memory, a disk drive, for digital data storage, an analog video recorder and analog video image processing equipment. In this case the mobile unit may be connected via communication ports with the base station computer at the beginning and end of each survey so that digital and or analog images, as well as, image identifying data may be communicated from the base unit to the mobile unit or from the mobile unit to the base unit as required.

According to Piety et al. software running on the base station computer is used to set up a framework of the thermographic survey. Such information as an element identifying name or control image, the type of element being surveyed, how to survey the

element, fault types to look for, templates, notes, forms and the like are uploaded from the base station computer to the mobile unit prior to starting a survey to prompt the thermographic surveyor through the survey element by element and to record all information needed to generate a final report in the event a fault is discovered. After data collection is completed, the mobile unit is again connected to the base station computer and the collected survey images as well as other data which may have been entered by an operator during the survey are downloaded from the mobile unit to the base station computer for analysis and report generation.

One problem with this approach is that the thermographic surveyor is prompted through the thermographic survey in the predetermined order according to a survey route which is established by the original thermographic survey framework set up at the base station computer. In cases where the surveyor may wish to change the order or the route of the survey, the prompt information must be scrolled through in order to find the identifying information associated with a desired survey element. Since the survey may include many hundreds of images, this presents a problem to the surveyor when the order of the survey is changed. Another problem with the prior art approach is that many of the survey elements may be nearly identical, e.g. an electrical switch panel may contain tens or hundreds of substantially identical switches to be surveyed. In this case, an operator may confuse one switch with another. Even the element identifying information stored by the mobile unit may be confusing since element names and element control images may be very similar. For these reasons, an operator could easily loose the sequence of the survey thereby falsely identifying subsequent recordings.

A further disadvantage associated with the prior art is that occasionally a re-survey may be required to confirm or reevaluate a thermal event for one or a portion of the elements of the survey. By the prior art methods, a surveyor would be forced to scroll through the entire survey to reach the data associated with the element or elements to be re-

surveyed.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5           The present invention obviates the disadvantages associated with the use of a route based or predetermined videographic survey sequence or with the need to sequentially scroll through survey element data stored on a video camera used for a video survey or data collection with a video camera system by providing a barcode label associated with an element to be surveyed and a barcode scanner associated with the video camera system and  
10 by storing identifying information associated with each element of the survey in an electronic memory associated with the video camera system.

          Generally, the present invention provides an integrated video camera system for capturing a video image of an element. The camera system includes a digital data processor and a memory module in communication with the digital data processor for storing program  
15 steps and for storing digital data in data fields provided on the memory module. According to the present invention, a barcode including a bar pattern representative of an identifying name of the element is associated with the element and a barcode scanner, in communication with the digital data processor, is used to scan the barcode. The barcode scanner generates an electrical signal in response to scanning the barcode and the electrical  
20 signal is interpreted by the digital data processor to associate the identifying name of the element with an appropriate data field provided on the memory module. When a video image of the element is captured, the video image of the element is stored onto the memory module with the identifying name of the element associated therewith. The memory module may also include a first data field having the identifying name of the element stored  
25 therein and a second data field associated with the first data field for storing a video image of the element.



In order for an operator to view a video image of an element, the integrated video camera system may further comprise a video display device in communication with the digital data processor for viewing the video image of the element and for viewing the identifying name of the element. A keypad in communication with the digital data processor may also be included for providing an operator interface to the video camera system so that the operator may give commands to the camera, e.g. for scrolling between video images, or the like. The memory module may be formed by having an internal memory associated with the video camera system, e.g. a read only memory, (ROM), for storing the program steps and a separate removable memory module, e.g. a PCMCIA card installed in a PCMCIA slot on the video camera system, for storing the digital data relating to the element in data fields provided on the removable portion of the memory module.

The integrated video camera system may also be used for capturing a plurality video images of a plurality of elements included in a videographic survey. In this case, each of the plurality of elements has a unique identifying name and the memory module includes a plurality of data fields relating to each of the plurality of elements such that a separate data field is provided for storing each of the identifying names of the plurality of elements. In this case a barcode is provided associated with each of the plurality of elements such that upon scanning one of the bar-codes the electrical signal generated by the barcode scanner is interpreted by the digital data processor to associate the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode with an appropriate data field provided on the memory module. A video image of the element associated with the barcode is stored onto the memory module with the identifying name scanned from the one barcode associated therewith. In addition, upon scanning a barcode, the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode is determined by the data processor and a display screen having data fields relating to the element associated with the barcode may be displayed on the video display device.

Also according to the present invention there is provided a method for capturing a video

image of an element with a video camera system which includes a digital data processor for  
executing program steps, a memory module in communication with the digital data  
processor for storing the program steps and for storing digital data in data fields and a  
barcode scanner in communication with the digital data processor. The method comprises  
5 the steps of, associating a barcode comprising a bar pattern representative of an identifying  
name of an element with the element, scanning the barcode with the barcode scanner  
thereby generating an electrical signal in response to scanning the barcode and interpreting  
the electrical signal according to the program steps to associate the identifying name of the  
element scanned from the bar pattern with an appropriate data field provided on the memory  
10 module. The method further includes the steps of capturing a video image of the element  
and storing the video image of the element onto the memory module in an image data field  
having the identifying name of the element associated therewith. The method may further  
include the steps of establishing a plurality of digital data fields on the memory module for  
storing digital data associated with the element, storing the identifying name of the element  
15 in one of the plurality of data fields and associating the identifying name of the element with  
all of the other of the plurality of digital data fields.

An operator may retrieve the image data field and the identifying name data field of the  
element from the memory and display a video image of the element and the identifying  
name of the element on a video display device associated with the video camera system. In  
20 some cases the video camera system may determine a plurality of parameters relating to the  
step of capturing the video image of the element and store the plurality of parameters in the  
plurality of data fields established on the memory module and associated with the  
identifying name of the element.

The method may also include the steps of storing the program steps in an internal  
25 memory associated with the video camera system while the step of storing the video image  
of the element on the memory module stores the video image onto a removable memory

module, e.g. a PCMCIA card which is removable from the video camera system.

The method may also be used for capturing a plurality of video images of a plurality of elements included in a videographic survey in which case the steps include, associating a plurality of bar-codes with the plurality elements, each of the plurality of bar-codes having a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode, scanning a first barcode associated with a first of the plurality of elements with the barcode scanner thereby generating an electrical signal in response to scanning the first barcode; and, interpreting the electrical signal to determine the identifying name scanned from the bar pattern of the first barcode to associate the identifying name of the first element with an appropriate data field on the memory module. As above, the method includes capturing a video image of the first element and storing the video image of the first element onto the memory module in an image data field having the identifying name of the first element associated therewith. In this case, further steps include establishing a plurality of digital data fields on the memory module for storing digital data associated with each of the plurality of elements of the survey, storing the identifying name of each of the plurality of elements of the survey in separate data fields of the plurality of data fields and associating the identifying name of each of the plurality of elements of the survey with a portion of the plurality of digital data fields such that each of the plurality of elements includes a plurality of data fields associated with the identifying name of the element. The method further includes the steps of retrieving the image data field having the identifying name of the first element associated therewith and displaying the video image of the first element and the identifying name of the first element on a video display device associated with the video camera system.

According to the present invention, there is also included a method for performing a videographic survey of a plurality of elements. The steps include preparing a videographic survey database on a base computer such that the videographic survey database includes a

plurality of data fields for storing data associated with each of the plurality of elements.

The database includes one data field for storing an identifying name for each of the plurality of elements and a data field for storing a video image of each of the plurality of elements and the data fields for storing the identifying name are each associated with an appropriate data field for storing a video image of each elements of the survey.

The base computer also includes a program for generating each of the identifying names in a barcode format. After establishing the database on the base computer the method includes the steps of transferring the data fields to a memory module associated with a video camera system and associating a plurality of bar-codes, one barcode with each of the plurality of elements. The base computer may also include a barcode label printer associated therewith for printing barcode patterns onto labels for associating a label with each of the plurality of elements of the survey.

Each of the plurality of bar-codes includes a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode. According to the method, an operator scans a first of the plurality of bar-codes with a barcode scanner in communication with the video camera system to determine the identifying name of the element associated with the first barcode. The digital data processor associated with the camera system interprets the barcode signal to determine the identifying name of the element and then selects the appropriate data field of the database for storing a video image of the element associated with the first barcode. An operator may then capture a video image of the element associated with the first barcode with the video camera system and the digital data processor stores the video image of the element in the appropriate data field of the database associated with the identifying name of the element.

To complete the video survey, the method further includes the steps of scanning the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes with the barcode scanner, selecting the appropriate data field of the database for storing a video image of the remaining of the plurality of

elements associated with the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes and capturing a video image of each of the remaining of the plurality of elements of the videographic survey and storing the video image of each of the remaining of the plurality of elements of the survey in the appropriate data field of the database such that the identifying name of the remaining of the plurality of elements is associated with the video image of remaining of the plurality of elements.

In the final steps of the method, the data fields stored on the memory module of the video camera system are transferred back to the base computer which may be used to analyze the videographic survey data using programs stored on the base computer or to store an archive of the videographic survey data onto a memory associated with the base computer using programs stored on the base computer. In addition, an operator may choose to scan less than the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes with the barcode scanner.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

The features of the present invention will best be understood from a detailed description of the invention and a preferred embodiment thereof selected for the purposes of illustration and shown in the accompanying drawing in which:

FIG. 1A illustrates a video camera system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 1B illustrates another embodiment of a video camera system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 illustrates a schematic overview of a video camera system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3A illustrates a single survey element display screen in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3B illustrates a thumbnail display screen in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 4A illustrates a barcode scanner in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

5        FIG. 4B illustrates a barcode label in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5A illustrates a video camera system connected to a base computer system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

10       FIG. 5B illustrates a schematic overview of a base computer system according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 6A illustrates a graphical user interface screen shot displayed by the base computer system according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

15       FIG. 6B illustrates an other embodiment of a graphical user interface screen shot displayed by the base computer system according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

Referring now specifically to FIGS. 1A and 1B, there is illustrated an integrated infrared video camera system 10 for use in collecting thermographic survey data in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The infrared camera system 10 generally includes a camera body 12, for housing a video camera image capturing system, a keypad or data entry device 14, for providing an operator interface to the infrared camera 10, and a color or gray scale video display device 16, which may be incorporated within the camera body and viewable through a viewfinder eyepiece 18, or, 25       which may be optionally connected to the camera 10 via a separate display device port 20 by an appropriate interface connector 22. The display device 16 may comprise a liquid

crystal display, (LCD), a cathode ray tube, (CRT), or any other display device for viewing thermal or other video images in real time, and/or for scrolling through and reviewing previously captured or stored thermal or other video images .

The camera 10 also includes a removable memory module 30 such as a PCMCIA memory card which installs into a memory module port 32 for communicating with the camera 10. Other removable or non-removable memory modules may also be used such as a disk drive, tape drive, or other magnetic memory component, or a recordable compact disk memory, CD, or other optical memory device, or other suitable internal or external electronic digital data storage devices or analog memory devices, such as a video cassette recorder, may be provided to store thermal images captured by the infrared camera 10.

The camera 10 also includes an imaging lens assembly 34 for relaying an image of a scene onto an imaging sensor for capturing an electronic image of the scene. The imaging lens assembly 34 may be interchangeable with other imaging lens assemblies having different optical properties, e.g. field of view or magnification . The lens assembly 34 may also include an optical filter, (not shown), for filtering out unwanted wavelengths emitted by the scene. The camera 10 may also include one or more input/output, (I/O), ports 26 for connecting other devices to the camera 10 such as a base computer, (PC), a portable computer or laptop, a printer, fax, or other communication device, an optical or thermal measurement instrument, diagnostic equipment, additional data storage devices, other display or data entry devices, an audio microphone, audio headphones or any other device which may aid the thermographer in capturing survey data.

Depicted schematically in Figure 2, the camera 10 also includes an infrared sensor assembly 36, such as a cooled or uncooled focal plane array, e.g. a charged coupled device array, (CCD), or pyroelectric detector or array, or the like, for providing an electrical signal in response to receiving thermal radiation emitted by a scene under analysis thereon. Of course, other types of infrared sensors or scanners may also be used to detect the thermal

profile of a scene without departing from the intended scope of the present invention. The sensor assembly 36 may also have sensitivity at the visible wavelengths so that a visible image of survey elements may also be captured. Additionally, more than one sensor assembly 36 may be employed such that an optical image from the lens 34 may be  
5 redirected by a mirror, or the like, to a second sensor assembly so that infrared and visible image data could be captured by different sensors installed in the same camera system 10. Alternatively, a separate visible image capture device may also interface with I/O ports 26 so that digital visible images may be captured by the separate visible wavelength video camera device and communicated to the camera 10 for storage on the memory module 30.

10 The analog output of the infrared sensor assembly 36 is converted into digital image data by an analog to digital, (A/D), converter 38. Thereafter, the digital image data produced by the A/D converter is directed into an equalization processor 40, which applies a pixel to pixel correction to the digital image data in a manner known in the art. The corrected digital image data is subsequently stored in a frame buffer 42. This same  
15 corrected digital image data may also be stored on the removable memory module 30. The digital image data is output from the frame buffer 42, mapped by a mapper 44 and scaled by a scaler 46, as necessary for displaying the corrected digital image of the scene, again in a manner known in the art, onto display device 16 of the infrared camera system 10. In addition, the corrected digital thermal image data and other information (see below)  
20 displayed on the display device 16 may be stored in the memory module 30 or in another storage device associated with the infrared camera 10 for immediate viewing, for later analysis or for archival purposes.

A microprocessor 48 controls the operation of the infrared camera 10 and the display device 16 in response to programmed instructions stored in an internal digital  
25 memory 50, e.g. a read only memory, (ROM), or programmable or flash memory or the like, and in response to operator commands input via the keypad 14. The microprocessor



48 may also process programmed instructions for displaying text and other graphic symbols onto the display device 16 such that text data fields may be displayed simultaneously with a video image or exclusively text and graphic images may be displayed on the display device 16. Such programmed instructions as well as data associated with survey elements may reside on the memory 50 or the memory module 30 or on another interconnected memory device such that the microprocessor 48 interacts with a memory and with keypad 14 to receive input instructions from an operator, receive data and or programming instructions from the memory 30 or 50 and drive the display device 16 such that video images, text data fields and other graphical images are displayed to the operator.

Camera display screen views are illustrated in FIGS. 3A and 3B. In FIG. 3A a single survey element screen 300 is displayed. An image display area 302 displays a live or captured thermographic or visible image of the survey element. An information panel 304 displays data fields relating to the image display area 302, e.g. a recording date and time are constantly displayed in a data fields 314 and 316, an object emissivity in field 318, a camera mode in field 330, a temperature of a selected point of the image area 302 in field 332 and a range of temperatures of the scene displayed in area 302 which is displayed graphically by range indicators 306 and 308. An element identifying field 310 is displayed in a scrolling information window 312. Field 310 contains a unique identifying name, number or other identifying feature associated with the survey element. The identifying name displayed in field 310 is also associated with previously recorded images and or data sets which relate to the particular survey element being viewed in the image area 302. Such previously recorded images and data which may be stored on the memory module 30 or on a base computer which will be described below.

As illustrated in FIG. 3B, a thumbnail screen display 320 includes an image display area 322 which displays 16 thumbnail images 324. In this case one of the thumbnail images 324 is highlighted by an outline 326 surrounding the thumbnail image 324. A set

of image data relating to the highlighted thumbnail image 324 is displayed by an information panel 328 which may include the same image information as is display in the information panel 304, detailed above, but which may also include a RECALL button 334 for selecting the highlighted thumbnail image 324 and viewing the highlighted image 324 in the single image view format of the above described display screen 300. An operator may scroll through the thumbnail images 324 using the keypad 14 which scrolls the highlight outline 326 from one image to the next while also refreshing the information panel 328 with the data associated with the highlighted thumbnail image 324.

Since a thermographic survey may include many more than 16 survey elements, once a first set of 16 thumbnails images has been scrolled through, a new set of the next 16 thumbnail images 324 is automatically loaded into the thumbnail display screen 320. In this case, a reference image, a visible image or no image but just the information panel 328 associated with each element of the survey may have been loaded onto the memory module 30 such that between 10 and 300 images are typically stored on the camera system 10 during a survey. Furthermore the operator may be required to identify 10 to 300 survey elements, match each survey element with a thumbnail images stored on the camera 10 and capture a new thermal image of the survey element. Since the thumbnail images are small and since many survey elements may look similar, an operator could easily associate a wrong thumbnail image with the survey element.

The camera 10 further includes a barcode scanning device, referred to generally by reference numeral 52 and connected to the camera 10 via one of the I/O ports 26 by a connecting wire 56. Such a barcode scanning device 52, shown in FIG. 4A, is well known in the art and may comprise a hand held casing 54, an illuminating light source 58, such as a light emitting diode, (LED), or the like, which receives power from the camera 10 via connecting wire 56 and is controlled by a barcode reader program stored in a memory 50 associated with the microprocessor 48.

The barcode scanner 52 also includes a light sensitive detector or sensor 60 for providing an electrical signal in response to illumination falling thereon. Connecting wire 56 may also provide a voltage and or biasing current to the sensor 60 and communicates an electrical signal generated by the sensor 60 to the microprocessor 48 for analysis. A lens 62 may also be provided for focusing light from the illuminating light 58 onto a barcode label 64 and for collecting light reflected by the barcode label 64 and directing the reflected light from the barcode label onto the sensor 60. A barcode 66 recorded onto the barcode label 64 may include a plurality of bar patterns each representing an alpha-numeric character, or the like, as is well known.

Such a barcode label 64 which includes a barcode 66 may be attached to the survey element or otherwise associated with the survey elements. In this case, the barcode 66 represents a unique element identifying name such as the same name displayed in the display field 310 of the display screen 300 and 302.

In this way, an operator may scan a barcode 66 printed on a barcode label 64, which is attached to or otherwise associated with a survey element to be surveyed or recorded, by passing the hand held barcode scanner 52 over the barcode 66. As the barcode 66 is scanned, a series of electrical signals generated by the sensor 60 are communicated to the microprocessor 48 which interprets the electrical signals as alpha-numeric characters using a barcode interpreting instruction set stored in the memory 50 and processed by the microprocessor 48. In this way, a unique survey element name, number or other alpha-numeric identifying feature is read from a barcode label 64 and communicated to the microprocessor 48. The microprocessor 48 may then search through the survey data stored on the memory module 30, or other interconnected memory device, to match the element identifying name of the barcode label with a particular survey data set and directly display the selected survey data in the manner shown in FIG 3A.

This method speeds up the survey since an operator does not need to scroll through

images or image data to find the appropriate survey element and it reduces errors which may occur when a wrong data set is associated with a survey element. Moreover, the method of the present invention allows survey elements to be surveyed in any order without causing undue delay or errors.

5           The camera system 10 may be used to capture video images, store the images onto the memory module 30, recall the images and view the images on the display device 16. Furthermore, thermographic survey data, including images, relating to a survey element may be loaded and stored on the memory module 30 so that an operator may also view previously recorded infrared or visible wavelength images of a survey element on the  
10       display device 16 by scrolling through images using the keypad 14 to input commands.

          Furthermore, data and images relating to a survey element includes a unique identifying name which is stored as a data field 310 with the survey element data. The camera 10 may be used to scan a barcode label 66 associated with the survey element to recall the appropriate survey element data set by matching the name on the barcode label  
15       with the unique identifying name associated with the survey element data.

          In another aspect of a preferred embodiment of the present invention, a master database program may be stored and operated on a base computer 80, shown in FIGS. 5A and 5B. The camera 10 or the memory module 30 may be interconnected with the base computer 80 before and after a thermographic survey is performed to transfer survey data  
20       to and from the camera 10 or memory module 30. In this case the base computer 80, which may also be a portable or laptop computer and which may be taken to a survey sight by an operator, includes a digital data processor 82, an internal memory 84, a data storage device 86, a display device 88, a data entry keyboard 90, a mouse 104 and an I/O, terminal 92 for interconnecting the base computer 80 with other devices. The base computer 80  
25       may also include a video processing module 94 for directly connecting with the camera 10 and for receiving digital or analog image and other data from the camera 10 and for further

processing image and other data using program instructions controlled by the processor 82

The computer 80 preferably also includes a PCMCIA memory card slot 98 for receiving the memory card 30 therein, after removal from the camera 10, and a PCMCIA memory driver 100 for interfacing between the processor 82 and the memory module 30.

5 Note that other memory slots and memory drivers may also be employed without deviating from the intended scope of the present invention. The base computer 80 may also include a barcode scanner 52 attached to the I/O port 92 and interfacing with the processor 82 so that bar-codes may also be scanned and stored in the memory 84. In addition, the base computer 80 includes a barcode printer 102 attached to the I/O port 92 and interfacing with  
10 the processor 82 so that bar-codes 66 may be printed onto a barcode label 64.

The base computer 80 includes a number of programs stored in the memory 84 or in the storage device 86 and operating to control the computer system 80 and to interface with the camera 10, the keyboard 90, the display device 88, the barcode scanner 52, the barcode printer 102 and any other device which may be interconnected therewith through  
15 the I/O ports 92 or otherwise. These programs may include an operating system, e.g. Windows 95 or NT, MAC OS, UNIX, or the like, as well as application programs and interface drivers. In addition a standard or customized database application program specifically configured for storing and organizing thermographic survey data is also preferably installed on the base computer 80 and operated by the processor 82.

20 The database program may include a number of data display layouts, e.g. 200 and 300 illustrated in FIGS. 6A and 6B. The display layouts 200 and 300 provide a graphical user interface to the database program so that an operator may view, organize, edit, search or create reports based on thermographic survey data. Moreover, an operator can add or delete survey elements to a survey, create a new survey, create or edit a survey schedule,  
25 create an archive file or perform digital processing on survey element image files to further analyze the survey data.

The display layouts 200 and 300 shown in FIGS 6A and 6B as might be displayed on the display device 88 include a tool menus 202 for displaying various pull down menus which can be selected by an operator using the keyboard 90 or mouse 104. A directory and file window 204 displays directories and files by name for ease of organizing

5 thermographic survey data into groups or directories. A survey group directory 206 may include a plurality of thermographic surveys organized by survey directories 208 . Each survey directory 208 may include survey element records 210.

Each element record 210 includes many data fields associated with a particular survey element and stored in the memory 84. The data fields which may be video clips, still video images, alpha-numeric or graphical fields, audio fields or fields which perform special functions such as calculations, automatic data entry or image processing are displayed on a display layout 200 or 300 in record windows, referred to generally by reference numeral 212. In FIGS. 6A and 6B a record windows 210 includes a date and time field 214. Image windows 216 display images of the survey element. The images may be either still or video clip images which may show an infrared image or a visible image of the survey element and which may be a reference image of the survey element or an image recorded during a recent survey. Other data fields may include element value fields 218 which may include information about the survey element, e.g. the location of the element, the element manufacturer and installation date, serial numbers or other information as may be required by an operator to analyze the results of a survey. Another data field group includes camera fields 220 which include data relating to the conditions under which the image was recorded as well as trouble shooting steps, e.g. camera settings, survey element load and ambient environmental conditions at the time the survey image was recorded, survey schedules, problem causes, recommended actions and other data fields associated with capturing an image of the survey element.

An element identifying field 222 is provided, on each display layout 200 and 300,

which uniquely identifies a survey element. The element identifying field 222 may comprise a an alphanumeric name or title of the survey element which may also be used to name the survey element record 210 so that the survey element is easily identified. In particular, in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the element identifying field 222 is converted to a barcode using a barcode alpha-numeric conversion program, e.g. CODE 39, which is well known. In this case the application program CODE 39 is loaded onto the base computer 80 such that if an element identifying field 222 is created or modified, a barcode 66 may be created by the CODE 39 program and saved in a separate database field. CODE 39 is a barcode application used in many industrial applications which converts a small subset of the ASCII characters set to a barcode symbol. In this case the upper case letters A through Z, the numbers 0 through 9 and the symbols \*\$/+/% plus a space may be converted to a barcode symbol. If an operator chooses an element identifying name or if an older element identifying name includes lower case letters or other symbols not supported by CODE 39, the characters will be bar-coded by CODE 39 as follows.

Promote all lower case letters to upper case.

Replace all characters that are not supported by CODE 39 with a period (.).

Replace all spaces with a period (.).

In addition, the \* character is usually inserted at the beginning and end of a barcode. These steps may be done automatically by the barcode converting program or another program or by an operator or by an automatic entry feature of the database program. Consequently, a survey element named "**Scrubber #7**" would be converted to "**\*SCRUBBER..7\***" by CODE 39 prior to storing the converted element name in the barcode label field which will be used as the element identifying barcode 66.

The barcode 66 may also be printed onto a label 64, e.g. having an adhesive backing, by the barcode printer 102. The thermographer may then take a barcode label 64

to the survey element in the field and attach the label 66 to the survey element or onto an associated name plate or onto a surface near the survey element. Since the barcode 66 uniquely identifies the survey element, the barcode scanner 52 attached to the camera 10 may be used to scan the barcode label associated with the survey element such that the survey element is uniquely identified to the camera processor 48. The camera processor 48 may then upload only the data needed for recording an image of the uniquely identified survey element from the memory module 30. In addition, the survey element image recorded by the camera 10 will be uniquely associated with the element identifying name of the barcode 66 scanned by the barcode scanner 52.

Thus the integrated infrared camera 10 of the present invention provides a mobile thermographic survey device capable of easy portability from one thermographic survey element to another without the need for a mobile cart or other cumbersome equipment. Moreover, the barcode label 64 associated with each survey element provides an identifying feature which when scanned by the bar code scanner 52 uniquely identifies the survey element to the video camera system so that a video image of the survey element will be stored in an appropriate memory field of the survey database.

It will also be recognized by those skilled in the art that, while the invention has been described above in terms of preferred embodiments, it is not limited thereto. Various features and aspects of the above described invention may be used individually or jointly. Further, although the invention has been described in the context of its implementation in a particular environment, and for particular applications, e.g. an infrared sensor assembly and an infrared video camera system, those skilled in the art will recognize that its usefulness is not limited thereto and that the present invention can be beneficially utilized in any number of environments and implementations including but not limited to video



surveying and or archiving of art objects or other collectibles, for tracking video images of real estate properties, capital equipment, patient medical images or the like or in any other video image storage requirement wherein video images of elements are periodically updated. Accordingly, the claims set forth below should be construed in view of the full

5 breadth and spirit of the invention as disclosed herein.

## CLAIMS

What we claim and desire to secure by Letters of Patent of the United States are the following:

1. An integrated video camera system for capturing a video image of an element

5 comprising;

- (a) a digital data processor for executing program steps ;
- (b) a memory module in communication with the digital data processor for storing program steps and for storing digital data in data fields provided on the memory module;
- 10 (c) a barcode associated with the element, said barcode comprising a bar pattern representative of an identifying name of the element; and,
- (d) a barcode scanner, in communication with the digital data processor, for generating an electrical signal in response to scanning the barcode and wherein the electrical signal is interpreted by the digital data processor to associate the  
15 identifying name of the element with an appropriate data field provided on the memory module.

2. The integrated camera system of claim 1 wherein upon capturing a video image of the element, the video image of the element is stored onto the memory module with the identifying name of the element associated therewith.

3. The integrated camera system of claim 2 wherein the memory module includes a first data field having the identifying name of the element stored therein and a second data field associated with the first data field for storing a video image of the element therein.

4. The integrated video camera system of claim 1 further comprising a video display device in communication with the digital data processor for viewing the video image of the element and for viewing the identifying name of the element.

5. The integrated video camera system of claim 1 further comprising a keypad in communication with the digital data processor for providing an operator interface to the video camera system.

6. The integrated video camera system of claim 1 wherein the memory module further comprises;

(a) an internal memory associated with the video camera system and in communication with the digital data processor for storing the program steps; and,

(b) a removable memory module for storing the digital data in the data fields.

7. The integrated video camera system of claim 6 wherein the removable memory comprises a PCMCIA memory card installed in a PCMCIA slot of the video camera system.

8. An integrated video camera system for capturing a plurality video images of a plurality of

elements included in a videographic survey and wherein each of the plurality of elements has an identifying name, comprising;

- (a) a digital data processor for executing program steps ;
- (b) a memory module in communication with the digital data processor for storing the program steps and for storing digital data fields relating to each of the plurality of elements, said memory module including a separate data field for storing each of the identifying names of the plurality of elements;
- (c) a plurality of bar-codes, one barcode associated with each of the plurality of elements, each of the plurality of bar-codes comprising a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated the one barcode; and,
- (d) a barcode scanner, in communication with the digital data processor, for generating an electrical signal in response to scanning the one barcode and wherein the electrical signal is interpreted by the digital data processor to associate the identifying name of the element associated with the one barcode with an appropriate data field provided on the memory module.

9. The integrated camera system of claim 8 wherein upon capturing a video image of the element associated with the one barcode, the video image of the element associated with the one barcode is stored onto the memory module with the identifying name scanned from the one barcode associated therewith.

10. The integrated camera system of claim 9 further comprising a video display device in communication with the digital data processor for viewing display screen images generated by the data processor according to program steps said display screens displaying digital data fields stored in the memory module.

5 11. The integrated camera system of claim 10 wherein upon scanning the one barcode, the identifying name of the element associated with the one barcode is determined by the data processor and a display screen having data fields relating to the identifying name of the element associated with the one barcode is displayed on the video display device.

10 12. The integrated video camera system of claim 10 wherein the memory module further comprises;

(a) an internal memory associated with the video camera system and in communication with the digital data processor for storing the program steps; and,

(b) a removable memory module for storing the digital data in the data fields.

15 13. The integrated video camera system of claim 12 wherein the removable memory comprises a PCMCIA memory card installed in a PCMCIA slot of the video camera system.

14. A method for capturing a video image of an element with a video camera system which includes a digital data processor for executing program steps, a memory module in communication with the digital data processor for storing the program steps and for storing digital data in data fields and a barcode scanner in communication with the digital data processor, the method comprising the steps of;

- (a) associating a barcode with the element, said barcode comprising a bar pattern representative of an identifying name of the element;
- (b) scanning the barcode with the barcode scanner thereby generating an electrical signal in response to scanning the barcode; and,
- (c) interpreting the electrical signal according to the program steps to associate the identifying name of the element scanned from the bar pattern with an appropriate data field provided on the memory module.

15. The method according to claim 14 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) capturing a video image of the element; and,
- (b) storing the video image of the element onto the memory module in an image data field having the identifying name of the element associated therewith.

16. The method according to claim 14 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) establishing a plurality of digital data fields on the memory module for storing

digital data associated with the element;

(b) storing the identifying name of the element in one of the plurality of data fields;  
and,

(c) associating the identifying name of the element with all of the other of the  
plurality of digital data fields.

5

17. The method according to claim 15 further comprising the steps of:

(a) establishing a plurality of digital data fields on the memory module for storing  
digital data associated with the element;

(b) storing the identifying name of the element in a first of the plurality of data  
fields;

(c) storing the video image of the element in a second of the plurality of data fields;  
and,

(d) associating the identifying name of the element stored in the first of the plurality  
of data fields with all of the other of the plurality of digital data fields.

10

15 18. The method according to claim 15 further comprising the steps of:

(a) retrieving the image data field and the identifying name of the element from the  
memory; and,

- (b) displaying the video image of the element and the identifying name of the element on a video display device associated with the video camera system.

19. The method of claim 17 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) determining a plurality of parameters relating to the step of capturing the video image of the element; and,
- (b) storing the plurality of parameters in the plurality of data fields established on the memory module and associated with the identifying name of the element.

20. The method according to claim 19 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) retrieving the image data field, the identifying name of the element and the plurality of data fields associated with the element from the memory module; and,
- (b) displaying the video image of the element, the identifying name of the element and the plurality of data fields associated with the element on a video display device associated with the video camera system.

21. The method according to claim 15 further comprising the steps of ;

- (a) storing the program steps in an internal memory associated with the video camera system; and,



- (b) wherein the step of storing the video image of the element stores the video image onto a removable memory module which is removable from the video camera system.

22. The method according to claim 21 wherein the removable memory module comprises a  
5 PCMCIA memory card installed in a PCMCIA slot of the video camera system.

23. A method for capturing a plurality of video images of a plurality of elements included in a videographic survey wherein each of the plurality of elements has an identifying name, the plurality of video images being captured with an integrated video camera system which includes a digital data processor for executing program steps, a memory module in communication with the digital data processor for storing the program steps and for storing digital data in data fields, the method comprising the steps of:

- (a) associating a plurality of bar-codes with the plurality elements of the videographic survey, each of said plurality of bar-codes comprising a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode;
- (b) scanning a first barcode associated with a first of the plurality of elements with the barcode scanner thereby generating an electrical signal in response to scanning the first barcode; and,
- (c) interpreting the electrical signal to determine the identifying name scanned from the bar pattern of the first barcode to associate the identifying name of the first element with an appropriate data field on the memory module.

24. The method according to claim 23 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) capturing a video image of the first element; and,
- (b) storing the video image of the first element onto the memory module in an image data field having the identifying name of the first element associated

therewith.

25. The method according to claim 24 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) establishing a plurality of digital data fields on the memory module for storing digital data associated with each of the plurality of elements of the survey;
- 5 (b) storing the identifying name of each of the plurality of elements of the survey in separate data fields of the plurality of data fields; and,
- (c) associating the identifying name of each of the plurality of elements of the survey with a portion of the plurality of digital data fields such that each of the plurality of elements includes a plurality of data fields associated with the identifying name of the element.

26. The method according to claim 24 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) retrieving the image data field having the identifying name of the first element associated therewith; and,
- (b) displaying the video image of the first element and the identifying name of the first element on a video display device associated with the video camera system.

27. The method according to claim 25 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) retrieving the image data field having the identifying name of the first element

associated therewith; and,

- (b) displaying the video image of the first element, the identifying name of the first element and the plurality of data fields associated with the first element on a video display device associated with the video camera system.

5 28. A method for performing a videographic survey of a plurality of elements comprising the steps:

- (a) preparing a videographic survey database on a base computer, the videographic survey database including a plurality of data fields for storing data associated with each of the plurality of elements, the database including one data field for storing an identifying name for each of the plurality of elements and a data field for storing a video image of each of the plurality of elements, the data fields for storing the identifying name each being associated with an appropriate data field for storing a video image of each elements of the survey;
- (b) transferring the data fields to a memory module associated with a video camera system;
- (c) associating a plurality of bar-codes, one barcode with each of the plurality of elements, each of the plurality of bar-codes including a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode;
- (d) scanning a first of the plurality of bar-codes with a barcode scanner in

communication with the video camera system to determine the identifying name of the element associated with the first barcode; and,

- (e) selecting the appropriate data field of the database for storing a video image of the element associated with the first barcode.

5     29. The method according to claim 28 further comprising the step of capturing a video image of the element associated with the first barcode with the video camera system and storing the video image of the element in the appropriate data field of the database.

30. The method according to claim 28 further comprising the steps of:

- (a) scanning the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes with the barcode scanner;
- 10     (b) selecting the appropriate data field of the database for storing a video image of the remaining of the plurality of elements associated with the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes; and,
- 15     (c) capturing a video image of each of the remaining of the plurality of elements of the videographic survey and storing the video image of each of the remaining of the plurality of elements of the survey in the appropriate data field of the database such that the identifying name of the remaining of the plurality of elements is associated with the video image of remaining of the plurality of elements.

31. The method according to claim 30 further comprising the step of transferring the data

fields stored on the memory module to the base computer.

32. The method according to claim 31 further comprising the step of analyzing the videographic survey data using programs stored on the base computer.

5 33. The method according to claim 31 further comprising the step of archiving the videographic survey data onto a memory associated with the base computer using programs stored on the base computer.

34. The method according to claim 28 further comprising the steps of:

(a) scanning less than the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes with the barcode scanner;

10 (b) selecting the appropriate data field of the database for storing a video image of the elements associated with less than the remaining of the plurality of bar-codes; and,

15 (c) capturing a video image of the less than the remaining of the plurality of elements of the videographic survey and storing the video image of each of the less than remaining of the plurality of elements of the survey in the appropriate data field of the database such that the identifying name of the less than remaining of the plurality of elements is associated with the video image of the less than remaining of the plurality of elements.

35. The method according to claim 28 wherein the step of preparing a videographic survey database further comprises the steps of:

(a) converting the identifying name for each of the plurality of elements to a barcode pattern using program steps stored on the base computer; and,

5 (b) printing a barcode pattern representing the identifying name of the elements onto a plurality of barcode labels using a barcode label printer associated with the base computer.

36. A videographic survey system comprising:

- (a) a base computer for preparing a videographic survey database having data fields for storing a video image of each of a plurality of elements of the videographic survey and data fields for storing an identifying name of each of the plurality of elements;
- (b) means for transferring the data fields of the database to a memory module associated with a video camera system;
- (c) a plurality of bar-codes associated one with each of the plurality of elements of the videographic survey, each barcode including a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode;
- (d) a barcode scanner associated with the video camera system for scanning a first of the plurality of bar-codes to determine the identifying name of the element associated with the first barcode; and,
- (e) program steps stored on the memory module and executable by a digital data processor associated with the video camera system for selecting an appropriate data field of the database for storing a video image of the element associated with the first barcode said appropriate data field having the identifying name which substantially matches the first barcode associated therewith.

37. The videographic survey system of claim 36 further comprising:

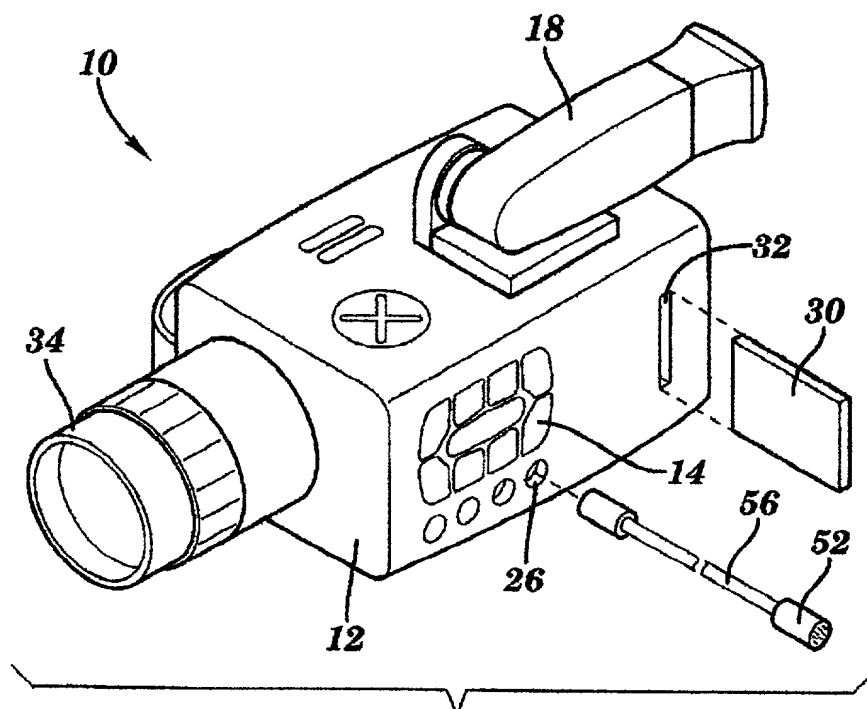


- (a) barcode converting program steps stored on the base computer for converting the plurality of element identifying names to a plurality of bar patterns; and,
- (b) a barcode label printer associated with the base computer for printing the plurality of barcode labels.

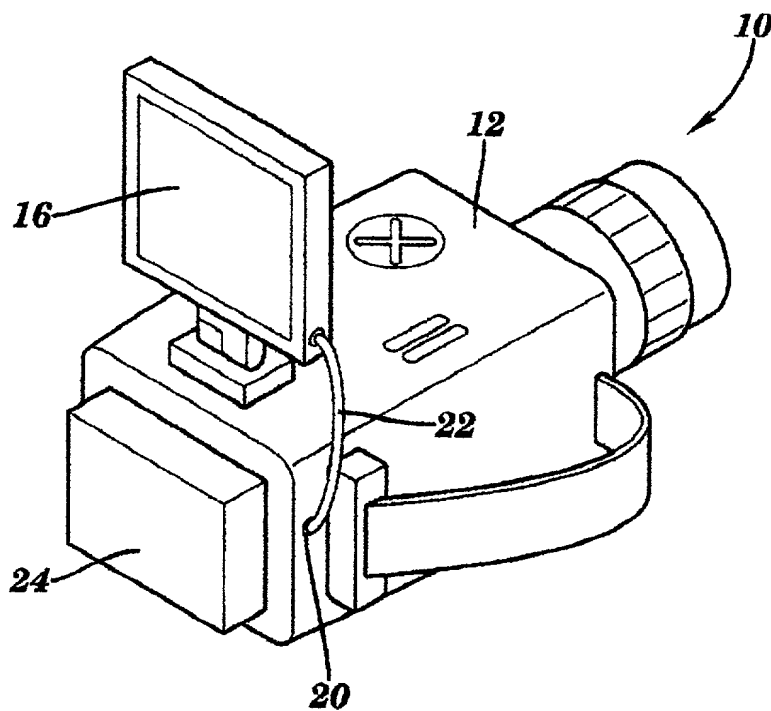
## ABSTRACT OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an integrated video camera system for capturing a plurality video images of a plurality of elements included in a videographic survey, each element having a unique identifying name associated with it. The camera system includes a digital data processor for executing program steps and a memory module in communication with the digital data processor for storing the program steps and for storing digital data fields relating to each of the plurality of elements. The memory module includes a separate data field for storing each of the identifying names of the plurality of elements. A plurality of barcodes, is associated with the plurality of elements, one barcode being associated with each of the plurality of elements. Each of the plurality of barcodes comprising a bar pattern representative of the identifying name of the element associated with the barcode.

A barcode scanner, in communication with the digital data processor, generates an electrical signal in response to scanning the one of the barcodes. The electrical signal is interpreted by the digital data processor to associate the identifying name of the element read from the barcode with appropriate data fields provided on the memory module for storing a video image of the element or other data associated with capturing a video image of the element.



**FIG. 1A**



**FIG. 1B**

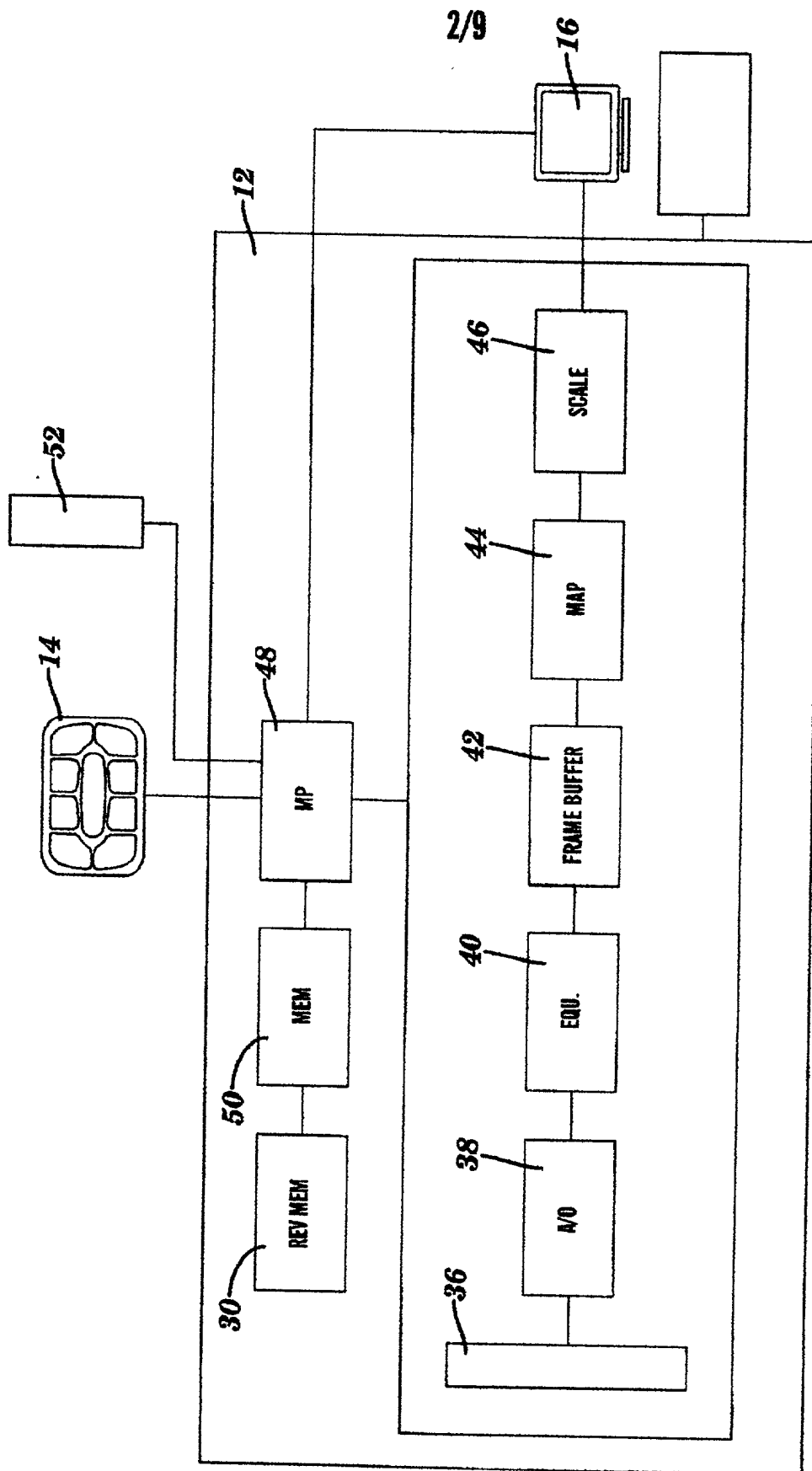
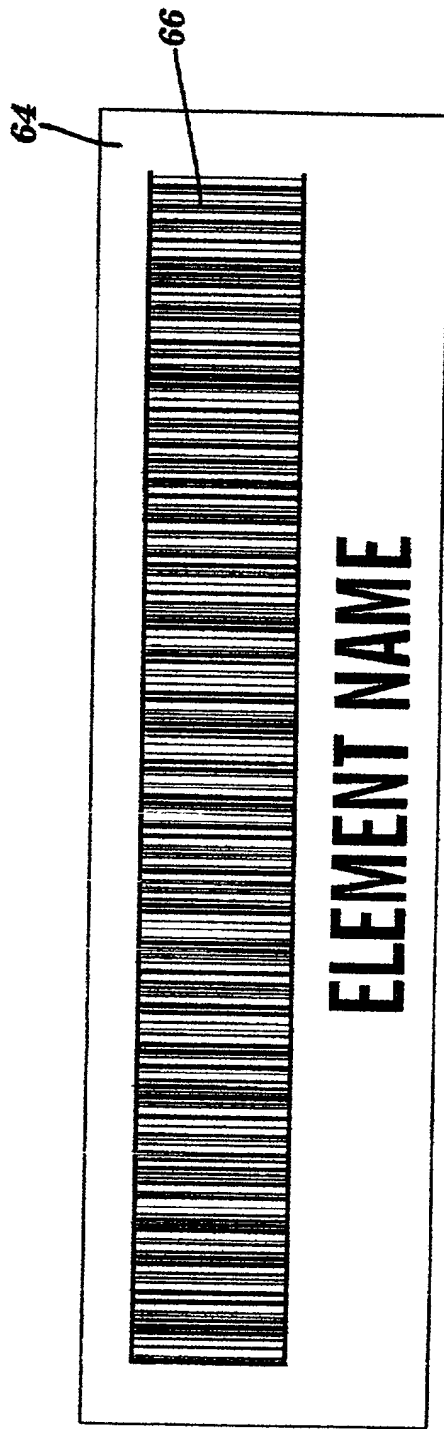
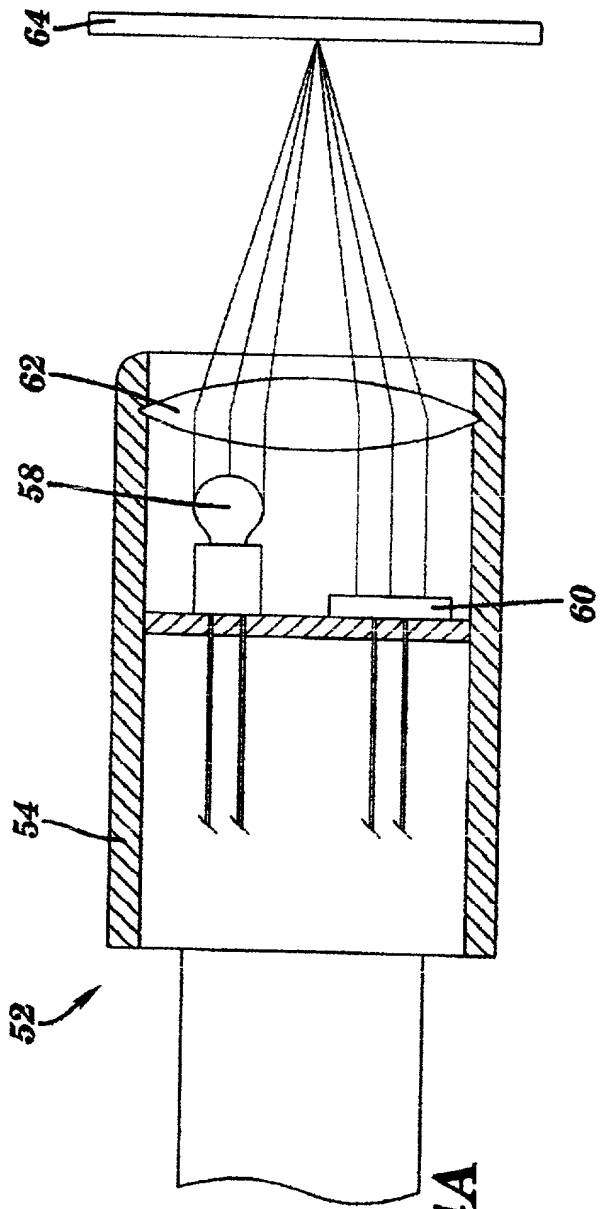
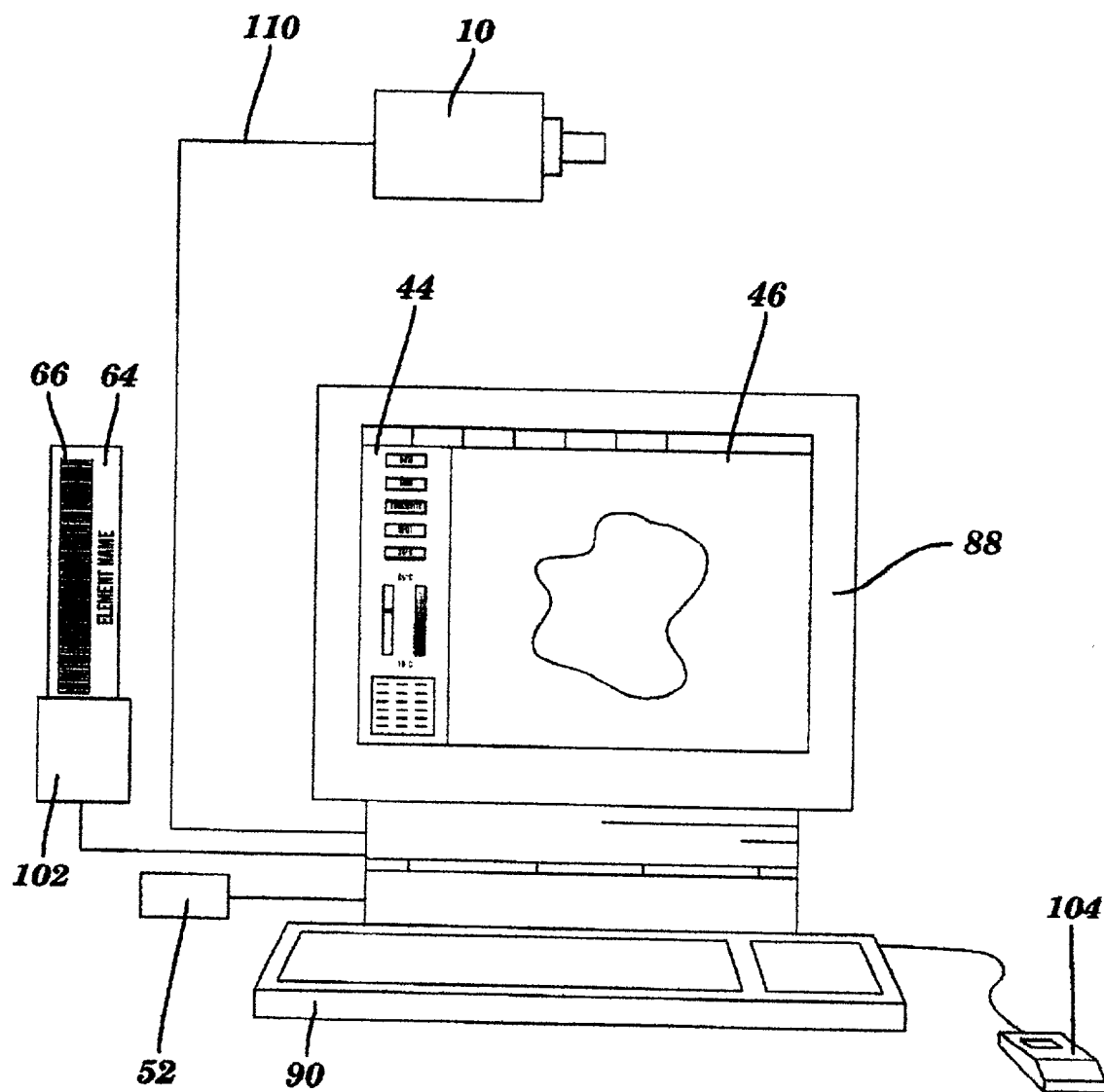


FIG. 2







**FIG. 5A**



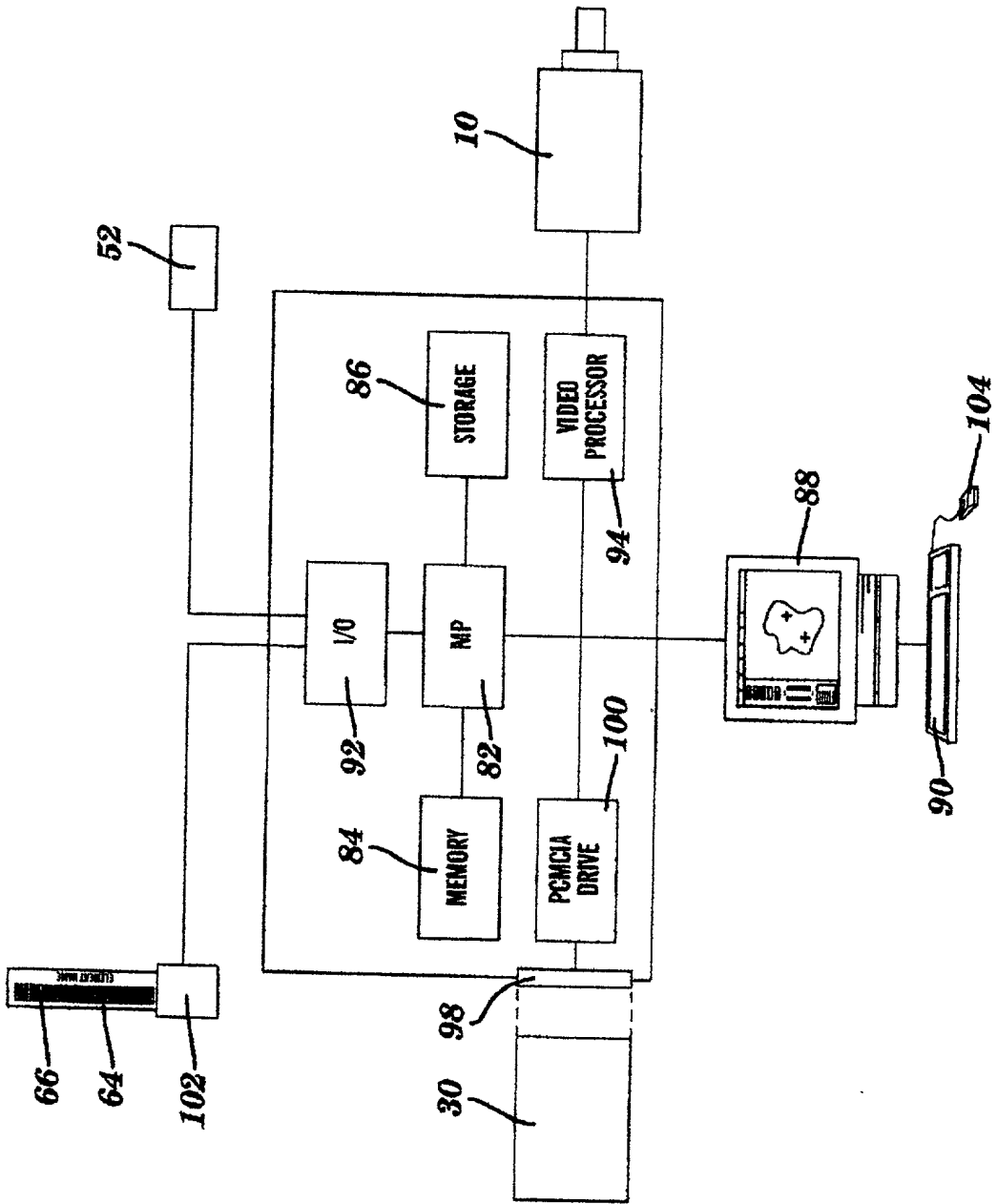


FIG. 5B

200

202

206

208

210

212

214

216

218

220

222

204

FILE EDIT VIEW REPORT TOOLS HELP

SURVEY GROUP

SURVEY

ELEMENT 1

ELEMENT 2

CREATED DATE/TIME REFERENCE

DISPLAY IN CAMERA

☒ REFERENCE

☐ LAST IMAGE IMPORTED

ASSOCIATED WIZARD

ANALYSIS TOOL

REPORT TEMPLATE

CAMERA FIELDS

ELEMENT NAME

SUBCOMPONENT

PROBLEM CAUSE

RECOMMENDED ACTION

NEXT SCAN

LOAD %

ELEMENT VALUES

COMPANY

SITE

MANUFACTURER

SERIAL NUMBER

FOR HELP, PRESS F1

FIG. 6A

300

202

FILE EDIT VIEW REPORT TOOLS HELP

IR IMAGE

76.0

54.0

216

204

218

222

214

CAPTURED DATE/TIME

CAMERA INFORMATION

SPOT 1

DIFFERENCE

LOAD FACTOR

CAMERA VALUES

ITEM NAME

CATEGORY

CONDITION

APPLY WIZARD

REPORT TEXT

FOR HELP, PRESS F1

FIG. 6B

## DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR BARCODE SELECTION OF THERMOGRAPHIC SURVEY IMAGES

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as U.S. Application No. or PCT Application No. \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Priority Claimed

☐ Yes ☐ No

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐ Yes ☐ No

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year Filed)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application No.) (Filing Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application No.) (Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of all United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in such prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Application No.) (Filing Date) (Status-patented, pending, abandoned)

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(Application No.) (Filing Date) (Status-patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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